

Nova Scotia Department of Health Promotion & Protection

Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health

Regional Medical Officer of Health





Response to Environmental Impact Statement

Remediation of Sydney Tar Ponds and Coke Oven Sites





<u>Outline</u>

- Context
- Authority
- Partnership with others
- Independence
- Air monitoring
- Recommendations
- Summary





Context

- What is Public Health?
 - The science and art of promoting health, preventing disease, prolonging life and improving quality of life through the organized efforts of society.
 - It combines sciences, skills and beliefs directed to the maintenance and improvement of the health of all people through collective action.
 - The programs, services, and institutions involved tend to emphasize two things,
 - The prevention of disease and
 - The health needs of the population as a whole





Context

- Public Health Core Functions include
 - Population health assessment
 - Health surveillance
 - Health promotion
 - Healthy activity
 - Disease and injury prevention
 - Health protection
- Reflected in the structure of NS HPP





Authority

- Health Protection Act and Health Hazards Regulations
- Ability to act to protect and reduce the risk to the public health
- CMOH and MOHs accountable to Minister of HPP



Authority

- Shall develop surveillance plans for
 - communicable diseases
 - notifiable diseases
 - dangerous diseases





- Authority
 - Shall develop communication plans and protocols responding to
 - health hazards
 - notifiable diseases
 - communicable diseases
 - public health emergencies



- Authority Health Hazards
 - CMOH and MOH may
 - Conduct risk assessments
 - Monitor or audit potential or existing
 - Make any order necessary to
 - Prevent
 - Remedy
 - Mitigate





- Partnership with Others
 - Access to expertise and resources in governments and academia to
 - Collect information and data
 - Analyze
 - Formulate
 - Act
 - Collaborate
 - Consult



- Partnership with Others
 - Partners include
 - Federal government departments and agencies
 - Health Canada
 - Public Health Agency of Canada
 - Environment Canada
 - Department of Fisheries & Oceans
 - Canadian Food Inspection Agency



- Partnership with Others
 - Partners include
 - Provincial government departments and agencies
 - NS Environment & Labour
 - NS Dept of Health
 - NS Dept of Agriculture, Fisheries and Aquaculture



- Partnership with Others
 - Partners include
 - Other government departments and agencies
 - Cape Breton Regional Municipality
 - Sydney Tar Ponds Agency
 - Cape Breton District Health Authority
 - Academic partners
 - Dalhousie University
 - Cape Breton University





- Independence OCMOH & Reg. MOH
 - By legislative design
 - Health Protection Act and Regulations
 - Ability to act
 - Through permitting process of NSEL
 - By historical record
 - Independent and neutral
 - Recognized Canadian model



Air Monitoring Programs

- Key Components
 - A targeted, acute and long-term program focused upon health related discharges
 - An open and transparent process for reporting air quality
 - Developed by stakeholders
 - Report to community, MOH
 - Include summary statistics
 - Current and cumulative values
 - Health impact interpretations



Air Monitoring Programs

- Key Components
 - Quality assurance program which monitors the sensitivity and specificity of the air monitoring program
 - A communications plan which incorporates the views/comments of regional MOH regarding health impacts





Recommendations

- Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health and the regional MOH will support the clean-up process
- Clean-up must address the long-term socioeconomic benefits which will improve the health status of all residents



Recommendations

3. A caution:

An unplanned incident at the incineration site, during startup or operation, might derail the entire clean-up process. The psychological and potential adverse health effects of such an incident should not be underestimated.



Summary

- Public Health focuses upon
 - the prevention of disease within the population
- MOH and CMOH has
 - duties and responsibilities to
 - Observe
 - Analyze
 - Prevent, remedy and/or mitigate



- Summary
 - MOH and CMOH has
 - Partnerships with others
 - To consult and to contribute
 - Independence
 - To act and report





Summary

- MOH and CMOH supports the proposal and the EIS, but
 - Air monitoring program necessary for surveillance
 - Clean-up must address long-term socioeconomic needs
 - Concerns about the socio-psychological and health impacts of an unplanned incinerator incident



Thank You